# **Trip to visit Many Attractions in Luxor**

# **Price Starting From : \$0**

1 day Egypt Egypt Luxor

With its abundance of temples, monuments, and other fascinating sites, Luxor draws visitors from all over the world. Luxor, from the Valley of the Kings to the Karnak Temple, is a veritable outdoor museum showcasing ancient Egypt's art, history, and breathtaking magnificence. Enjoy your trip to beautiful city and don't miss it.

Luxor Governorate boasts some of the world's most powerful tourist attractions, including a collection of historic temples representing most of the Pharaonic eras, two museums, and 60 historic tombs on both the East and West Banks. Luxor has become the world's largest open-air archaeological museum.

Luxor is replete with spatial and temporal evidence of the Pharaonic civilization throughout the ages. Visitors to these places can enjoy numerous activities at various landmarks in Luxor, including:

- Speaking with tour guides at each tourist attraction
- Taking photographs of important artifacts and temples
- Purchasing souvenirs and small carved statues
- Watching sound and light shows at various museums in the city.

## Overview

Inclusion

- We use a private, air-conditioned vehicle for all of our transfers.
- Tickets and entrance fees to the aforementioned locations.
- Lunch at a nearby restaurant.
- During the tour, soft drinks and a bottle of water are provided.
- An Egyptologist on the tour who speaks English.
- All taxes and fees.

#### Exclusion

- Entrance to King Tutankhamun's tomb, King Seti I tomb, and king Ramses XI at the Valley of the Kings.
- Tipping.
- Camera or photo ticket in the Valley of the kings.

## Itinerary

# Tour to visit Many Attractions in Luxor

You will be received early in the morning and we will start our intensive tour. You're going to come One of the most significant landmarks in the city is the Luxor Temple. It contains a number of enormous statues scattered around the front, the Pyramid of King Ramses II, and a decorated obelisk that shows the king's conquests. The Hall of Divine Birth and the Chamber of Alexander the Great are two of its most significant elements.

After that, we're going to the Valley of the Kings. The largest tomb and open museum in the world is located on the west bank of the Nile River. Its vibrantly colored walls date back thousands of years, but they appear to have been finished yesterday.

Sanctuary of Hatshepsut at Deir el-Bahari. On the west bank of the Nile River is a group of pharaonic temples and tombs called Deir el-Bahari. This monastery bears Queen Hatshepsut's name and was constructed by her. It was later renamed Deir el-Bahari. The temple consists of three ascending terraces divided by an ascending causeway.

After that, you will visit The Ramesseum Temple is one of the funerary temples that were built for the dead in ancient Egypt. It was built by King Ramses II. The temple contains huge statues of Ramses II and inscriptions and decorations that tell the story of life during that period.

Now it's time to go back to your hotel.

Meals: Lunch