Full-Day Tour to Luxor West Bank

Price Starting From : \$90

Enjoy a unique experience in Luxor through our full-day excursion to the west bank of Luxor, exploring the following:

The "Valley of the Kings," or Valley of the Kings, is a valley in Egypt that was utilized for five hundred years, from the sixteenth to the eleventh century BC. to build tombs for the pharaohs and nobles of the New Kingdom during the 18th to 20th dynasties of Ancient Egypt. The valley is located on the west bank of the Nile River, opposite Thebes (present-day Luxor), in the heart of the ancient funerary city of Thebes. The Valley of the Kings is divided into two valleys: the eastern (where most of the royal tombs are located) and the western.

Your second exploration site on the west bank of Luxor is The Bahari Monastery is a complex of pharaonic temples and tombs located on the west bank of the Nile, built by Queen Hatshepsut to perform rituals that would benefit her in the other world, while the name Bahari Monastery is a modern Arabic name given to this area in the 7th century AD after the Copts used this temple as a monastery. The temple consists of three ascending amphitheaters connected by inclined platforms for ascending and descending. The first monument built on the site was the funerary temple of Mentuhotep II, of the 11th Dynasty, during the 21st century BC.

You will also enjoy an excursion The funerary temple or the temple of the city of Habu, one of the largest temples of the 20th Dynasty, was built by King Ramses III to perform funeral rites for him and to worship the god Amun, built early in the reign of King Ramses III as a funerary temple. The construction of the temple was supervised by Amun Mes, the treasurer of the Temple of Amun. The first half of the temple's contemporary name refers to the Christian city that was built within the temple walls. Some believe that the word Hapu refers to Amenhotep son of Hapu, the minister of Amenhotep III. There is also the belief that the name refers to the Christian priest who resided in this place later.

The final point of your excursions will be The Statues of Memnon, two huge statues, built around 1350 BC, which are all that remains of a temple built in memory of Pharaoh Amenhotep III, who ruled Egypt during the 18th Dynasty, located in the funerary city of Thebes, located west of the Nile River from the present-day city of Luxor.

Luxor tours and seeing the main monuments of Egypt's civilization will be your ideal choice if you want to enjoy your vacation, of Tours, you won't find better than the tours offered by Cairo Top Tours

Overview Inclusion

- Round-trip transportation services from any location or hotel in Luxor.
- Air-conditioned luxury car transfers are arranged.
- Tickets to all mentioned archaeological sites and museums on the West Bank of the Nile.
- Lunch gourmet lunch in a good-quality restaurant is included during our Luxor West Bank Tour.
- English-speaking tour guide during all our Egypt Day Tours.
- All bottled mineral water is part of the Luxor West Bank tour.

• All taxes and service charges for the tours in Luxor are included.

Exclusion

- Entrance fees to enter special tombs in the Valley of the Kings, such as the tombs of Tutankhamun, the tomb of King Seti I, and the tomb of Ramses VI.
- Gratuity tip to express your gratitude for the excursions in Luxor.
- Admission tickets to take your camera inside the tombs of the Valley of the Kings.

Itinerary

Full-Day Trip to Luxor West Bank

One of our agents with a knowledgeable guide will pick you up in a contemporary, air-conditioned vehicle and start your full-day journey to the west bank of Luxor.

Our trip will begin with an amazing visit to the city of Habu's temple, one of the biggest temples of the 20th Dynasty. It was constructed as a burial temple early in King Ramses III's reign to worship the deity Amun and conduct death rites for him. As the Temple of Amun's treasurer, Amun Mes oversaw the temple's construction. The Christian city that was constructed inside the temple walls is referenced in the first half of the temple's modern name. Some people think that the term "Hapu" alludes to Amenhotep III's minister, Amenhotep son of Hapu. It is also thought that the name alludes to the Christian priest who later lived here.

On Luxor's west bank, your second exploring location is Built by Queen Hatshepsut to carry out rites that would help her in the afterlife, the Bahari Monastery is a complex of pharaonic temples and tombs on the west bank of the Nile. The area was given the modern Arabic name Bahari Monastery in the 7th century AD after the Copts used this temple as a monastery. Three ascending amphitheaters make up the temple, which is joined by sloping platforms for climbing and descending. The funeral temple of Mentuhotep II, who lived in the eleventh Dynasty in the twenty-first century BC, was the first monument erected on the site.

We then continue our journey by visiting the "Valley of the Kings," also known as the Valley of the Kings, which is a valley in Egypt that was used for five hundred years, from the sixteenth to the eleventh centuries BC, to construct tombs for the New Kingdom's pharaohs and nobles during the eighteenth through twentieth dynasties of ancient Egypt. The valley is in the center of the historic funerary city of Thebes, on the west bank of the Nile River, across from Thebes (modern-day Luxor). The eastern valley, which houses the majority of the royal tombs, and the western valley make up the Valley of the Kings.

Your journey will conclude with the Statues of Memnon, two enormous statues constructed circa 1350 BC that are all that remain of a temple dedicated to Pharaoh Amenhotep III, the 18th Dynasty Egyptian ruler. The temple is situated in the funerary city of Thebes, west of the Nile River from modern-day Luxor.

At the end of your excursion, our guide will return you back to your hotel in Luxor.

Meals included: Lunch