

Luxor Day Trip from Aswan by Car

Price Starting From : \$110

Day Tour
Egypt
Luxor, Aswan

From Aswan and through our Luxor Day Tours, you will have the opportunity to explore a rich part of Luxor, one of the historical cities that you cannot visit Egypt without exploring.

With Cairo Top Tours, you will enjoy an unforgettable visit to the Temple of Queen Hatshepsut. The temple walls are covered with scenes depicting temple rituals, religious festivals, and the transportation of obelisks from the quarries to the Temple of Karnak. Perhaps the most distinctive scene is that of the central balcony, which depicts Hatshepsut's expedition to the country of Punt, perhaps now located near Eritrea. Its inhabitants, houses, and surroundings are depicted, as well as the riches and exotic animals that the Egyptians brought with them from there, and on the other hand, how Hatshepsut became the rightful queen of the country, not only by confirming that her father, Thutmose I, appointed her as his rightful heir, but also that her father was the idol Amun himself.

Then there will be a special trip to the Valley of the Kings, where most of the kings of the 18th, 19th, and 20th dynasties (c. 1550–1069) of the New Kingdom were buried in a dry river valley on the west bank of the ancient city of Thebes (modern-day Luxor). However, this designation is not totally correct because several non-royal people, despite their great position, were buried there, as did some members of the royal line who were not kings. In the Valley of the Kings, the eastern and western valleys are combined. While there aren't many tombs in the western valley, the eastern portion is the more well-known of the two. More than sixty tombs and twenty incomplete, little tombs can be found in the Valley of the Kings.

Additionally, you will relish a visit to the temple of Karnak, one of the most important religious and political structures of ancient Egypt, commonly referred to as "Ibtisut" or "the most private place." Once home to several temples and shrines, the temple is situated in the city of Thebes (modern-day Luxor) on the eastern bank of the Nile River. The Great Temple of Amun was the place where the rituals of the god Amun, who had great influence in Egypt as the main god of Thebes, were held. The clerics held significant political sway in this wealthy and powerful area.

Overview

Inclusion

- Private air-conditioned vehicles are used for all our transfers.
- Tickets to the places mentioned.
- Lunch at a local restaurant.
- An English-speaking Egyptologist during the tour.
- A bottle of water and soft drinks are provided during the tour.
- Full taxes and service charges.

Exclusion

- Ticket to the tomb of King Tutankhamun, the tomb of King Seti I, and the tomb of King Ramses XI in the Valley of the Kings.
- Tipping.
- A photographic ticket or camera in the Valley of the Kings.

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One of Cairo Top Tours' representatives will meet you in the morning and drive you to Luxor in a private, air-conditioned vehicle.

Once you arrive, you will be met by a very professional Egyptologist guide who will explain everything in detail, starting with the visit to the Valley of the Kings, which is divided into eastern and western valleys. The eastern portion is the more well-known of the two because there are more than sixty tombs in the Valley of the Kings, compared to only a few in the western valley. Twenty incomplete tombs are only pits. This site was carefully chosen for the burial of the kings, as it is on the western bank of the Nile, because the sun god descends (dies) on the western horizon to be reborn and rejuvenated on the eastern horizon, and for this reason the west was associated with funerary concepts and most tombs in ancient Egypt were generally located on the western bank of the Nile.

After that, we will head to the Temple of Queen Hatshepsut. The temple consists of three levels, each with a row of columns at its end. Additionally, beyond the row of columns on the upper level is an open courtyard featuring statues of Hatshepsut as the deity of the dead, Osiris. Senenmut, who had several titles, including director of Amun's domains, constructed the temple dedicated to Hatshepsut, which the ancient Egyptians called "Jisro Jisro," which means the most sacred of the sacred.

Our trip will end with a unique visit to the temple of Karnak, also referred to as "Ibtisut" or "the most special place," which was one of the most important political and religious structures in ancient Egypt. It contained several temples and shrines and was situated in the city of Thebes (modern-day Luxor) on the eastern bank of the Nile River. In the Great Temple of Amun, worshippers gathered to honor the god Amun, the primary deity of Thebes and a significant figure in Egyptian culture. The priests had great political clout, and the location was a hub of riches and influence.

Finally, we will take you back to your accommodation in Aswan.